INDUSTRY UPDATE

December 2017



ECONOMIC INDICATORS

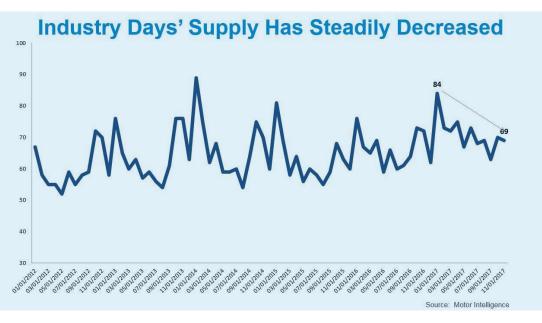
- Real GDP growth in the 3rd quarter was revised up to 3.3%, exceeding expectations again and beating the 2nd quarter's growth of 3.1%. The Atlanta Federal Reserve and New York Federal Reserve are now forecasting even higher growth in the 4th quarter. We have not seen 3 consecutive quarters of 3% or greater growth since 2004-2005.
- The last 3 months have seen the best new vehicle sales of the year. Hurricane replacement demand was a big part of the upswing, but strong incentives and a strengthening economy have also helped.
- Unemployment remained at a 17-year low of 4.1% and consumer confidence increased again in November, setting an official 17-year high. Households are feeling more upbeat about the outlook for the U.S. economy and that should mean strong spending this holiday season.

DEMAND

\rightarrow	November new sales volume increased 1% YOY. Commercial fleet sales increased 6%, Rental fleet decreased 4% and Government fleet decreased by 6%. Used car sales decreased by 4% YOY in November. The November used SAAR	LIGHT VEHICLE SALES		
		t	1%	New Retail
\rightarrow	decreased to 34 million as used car sales took a backseat as momentum favored new vehicle sales. The used market is still on pace to come in at 39.1 million for 2017,	Ļ	4%	Rental
	which would represent growth of nearly 2% over last year. CPO sales were up 2% YOY in November and are up 6% YTD.	t	6%	Commercial
\rightarrow	The top OEM in November was Nissan, with heavy fleet sales, strong incentives and Sentra sales up 25% YOY contributing to an 18% increase in overall sales last month.	1	6%	Government

SUPPLY

Average incentives came in at \$3,811, up 2% YOY and up 2% MOM, the second highest amount this year. **The days' supply for November was 69, down 3 days YOY and down 1 day from October.** The November Manheim Used Vehicle Value Index was 134.5, a 7.8% increase YOY. Incentives and higher used car prices have recently favored new vehicles over used. The growth in sales has reduced the supply overhang.



CREDIT

Market expectations are high (implied probability of more than 95%) for the Federal Reserve to raise short-term rates by mid-December. This is consistent with recent strong domestic and global data showing that the world is experiencing the first synchronized period of growth since the Great Recession. **Loan rates are on the rise. The average 60-month auto loan rate according to Bankrate.com was 3.48% at the end of November,** which is the highest monthly rate we've seen this year. It is in fact the highest monthly rate going back to February 2012.